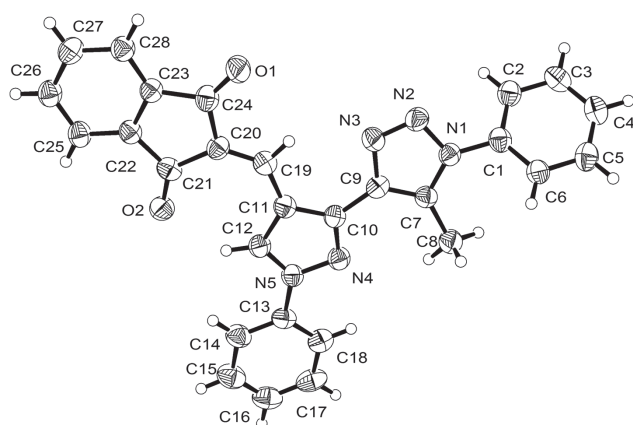


Gamal A. El-Hiti\*, Bakr F. Abdel-Wahab, Amany S. Hegazy, Mesfer Alamri and Benson M. Kariuki

# Crystal structure of 2-((3-(5-methyl-1-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazol-4-yl)methylene)-1*H*-indene-1,3(2*H*)-dione, C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>2</sub>



DOI 10.1515/ncrs-2016-0108

Received June 22, 2016; accepted September 8, 2016; available online October 1, 2016

## Abstract

C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>2</sub>, monoclinic, *Cc* (no. 9),  $a = 13.9896(9)$  Å,  $b = 21.9561(14)$  Å,  $c = 7.1643(5)$  Å,  $\beta = 91.782(6)^\circ$ ,  $V = 2199.5(3)$  Å<sup>3</sup>,  $Z = 4$ ,  $R_{\text{gt}}(F) = 0.0632$ ,  $wR_{\text{ref}}(F^2) = 0.1727$ ,  $T = 150(2)$  K.

CCDC no.: 1503290

The crystal structure is shown in the figure. Tables 1 and 2 contain details of the measurement method and a list of

\*Corresponding author: Gamal A. El-Hiti, Cornea Research Chair, Department of Optometry, College of Applied Medical Sciences, King Saud University, P.O. Box 10219, Riyadh 11433, Saudi Arabia, e-mail: gelhiti@ksu.edu.sa

Bakr F. Abdel-Wahab: Department of Chemistry, College of Science and Humanities, Shaqra University, Duwadimi, Saudi Arabia; and Applied Organic Chemistry Department, National Research Centre, Dokki, Giza, Egypt

Amany S. Hegazy and Benson M. Kariuki: School of Chemistry, Cardiff University, Main Building, Park Place, Cardiff CF10 3AT, UK

Mesfer Alamri: School of Biosciences, Cardiff University, Cardiff CF10 3AT, UK; and School of Chemistry, Cardiff University, Main Building, Park Place, Cardiff CF10 3AT, UK

the atoms including atomic coordinates and displacement parameters.

**Table 1:** Data collection and handling.

Crystal:	Orange block
Wavelength:	Size $0.24 \times 0.14 \times 0.06$ mm
$\mu$ :	Mo $K\alpha$ radiation (0.71073 Å)
Diffractometer, scan mode:	$0.9 \text{ cm}^{-1}$
$2\theta_{\text{max}}$ , completeness:	SuperNova, $\omega$ -scans
$N(hkl)_{\text{measured}}$ , $N(hkl)_{\text{unique}}$ , $R_{\text{int}}$ :	$59.8^\circ$ , $>87\%$
Criterion for $I_{\text{obs}}$ , $N(hkl)_{\text{gt}}$ :	10805, 4741, 0.066
$N(\text{param})_{\text{refined}}$ :	$I_{\text{obs}} > 2 \sigma(I_{\text{obs}})$ , 2799
Programs:	318
	CrysAlis <sup>PRO</sup> [10], SHELX [11], Platon [12], CHEMDRAW [13]

## Source of material

The title compound was synthesized from reaction of equimolar quantities of 3-(5-methyl-1-phenyl-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazole-4-carbaldehyde and 1*H*-indene-1,3(2*H*)-dione in ethanol containing a few drops of piperidine as catalyst under reflux. The crude product was recrystallized from dimethylformamide to give yellow crystals of the title compound (Mp 276–277 °C) [1].

## Experimental details

All hydrogen atoms were placed in calculated positions and refined using a riding model. Methyl C–H bonds were fixed at 0.97 Å, with  $U(\text{H}) = 1.5 U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$ , and were allowed to spin about the C–C bond. Aromatic C–H distances were set to 0.95 Å and their  $U_{\text{iso}}$  set to 1.2 times the  $U_{\text{eq}}$  of the parent atom.

## Discussion

1,2,3-Triazoles [2–6] are known for their biological applications such as antidiabetic, anti-inflammatory, antifungal, antiviral and antibacterial activity [7–9].

In the title crystal structure, the asymmetric unit consists of one molecule of C<sub>28</sub>H<sub>19</sub>N<sub>5</sub>O<sub>2</sub>. With the exception of phenyl ring (C1–C6) (A), the rest of the molecule [i.e. the triazole

**Table 2:** Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (Å<sup>2</sup>).

Atom	x	y	z	<i>U</i> <sub>iso</sub> <sup>*</sup> / <i>U</i> <sub>eq</sub>
C1	−0.0237(4)	0.9349(2)	0.9453(7)	0.0430(12)
C2	−0.1021(4)	0.9607(2)	1.0272(8)	0.0474(13)
H2	−0.0944	0.9933	1.1138	0.057*
C3	−0.1926(4)	0.9380(3)	0.9798(8)	0.0528(14)
H3	−0.2474	0.9561	1.0320	0.063*
C4	−0.2037(4)	0.8899(3)	0.8585(8)	0.0531(14)
H4	−0.2655	0.8737	0.8313	0.064*
C5	−0.1244(4)	0.8652(3)	0.7764(8)	0.0528(14)
H5	−0.1321	0.8325	0.6907	0.063*
C6	−0.0333(4)	0.8880(2)	0.8180(8)	0.0437(12)
H6	0.0211	0.8716	0.7599	0.052*
C7	0.1548(3)	0.9314(2)	1.0301(7)	0.0383(11)
C8	0.1724(4)	0.8652(2)	1.0079(8)	0.0483(14)
H8A	0.1899	0.8568	0.8790	0.072*
H8B	0.1142	0.8425	1.0363	0.072*
H8C	0.2246	0.8525	1.0936	0.072*
C9	0.2144(4)	0.9784(2)	1.0820(7)	0.0387(12)
C10	0.3140(3)	0.9782(2)	1.1439(7)	0.0374(12)
C11	0.3761(3)	1.0284(2)	1.1817(7)	0.0389(12)
C12	0.4621(4)	1.0022(2)	1.2426(8)	0.0399(12)
H12	0.5188	1.0233	1.2805	0.048*
C13	0.5175(4)	0.8961(2)	1.2926(7)	0.0417(12)
C14	0.6096(4)	0.9126(3)	1.3439(8)	0.0502(14)
H14	0.6283	0.9542	1.3431	0.060*
C15	0.6745(4)	0.8678(3)	1.3967(9)	0.0581(16)
H15	0.7385	0.8790	1.4288	0.070*
C16	0.6485(5)	0.8075(3)	1.4036(9)	0.0577(16)
H16	0.6933	0.7773	1.4436	0.069*
C17	0.5561(5)	0.7917(2)	1.3515(8)	0.0561(16)
H17	0.5376	0.7501	1.3533	0.067*
C18	0.4900(4)	0.8354(2)	1.2966(7)	0.0476(13)
H18	0.4263	0.8240	1.2621	0.057*
C19	0.3530(4)	1.0923(2)	1.1649(7)	0.0408(12)
H19	0.2915	1.1003	1.1104	0.049*
C20	0.4026(4)	1.1424(2)	1.2121(7)	0.0394(11)
C21	0.4989(3)	1.1526(2)	1.3031(7)	0.0412(12)
C22	0.5094(4)	1.2192(2)	1.3298(7)	0.0390(11)
C23	0.4292(4)	1.2493(2)	1.2601(7)	0.0390(11)
C24	0.3597(4)	1.2036(2)	1.1826(7)	0.0443(13)
C25	0.5853(4)	1.2511(2)	1.4106(7)	0.0444(13)
H25	0.6409	1.2307	1.4578	0.053*
C26	0.5771(4)	1.3141(2)	1.4199(7)	0.0460(13)
H26	0.6279	1.3372	1.4752	0.055*
C27	0.4954(4)	1.3440(2)	1.3493(8)	0.0469(12)
H27	0.4916	1.3872	1.3573	0.056*
C28	0.4199(4)	1.3117(2)	1.2680(7)	0.0438(12)
H28	0.3642	1.3317	1.2198	0.053*
N1	0.0691(3)	0.95903(17)	0.9929(6)	0.0383(9)
N2	0.0761(3)	1.02063(17)	1.0209(7)	0.0453(11)
N3	0.1639(3)	1.03202(18)	1.0733(6)	0.0449(11)
N4	0.3586(3)	0.92532(19)	1.1781(6)	0.0418(10)
N5	0.4501(3)	0.94175(18)	1.2379(6)	0.0398(10)
O1	0.2820(3)	1.21425(16)	1.1088(6)	0.0586(11)
O2	0.5588(3)	1.11419(15)	1.3481(5)	0.0473(9)

(B), pyrazole (C), phenyl (C13–C18) (D) and indandione (E) groups] is close to planar. The interplanar angles between groups A and B, B and C, C and D, C and E are 38.3(2)°, 9.4(2)°, 5.1(2)° and 9.1(2)°, respectively. In the crystal, the molecules stack along the *c*-axis with a  $\pi$ - $\pi$  contact distance of 3.6 Å. Within the stack, the molecules are linked by edge-to face interactions between rings A of neighbouring molecules (C... centroid distance = 3.86 Å).

**Acknowledgements:** The authors extend their appreciation to the College of Applied Medical Sciences Research Centre and the Deanship of Scientific Research at King Saud University for their funding of this research and to Cardiff University for continued support.

## References

- Abdel-Wahab, B. F.; Mohamed, H. A.; Ali, M. M.: Synthesis and in vitro cytotoxicity of new 3-(5-methyl-1-aryl-1*H*-1,2,3-triazol-4-yl)-1-phenyl-1*H*-pyrazoles. *J. Mod. Med. Chem.* **3** (2015) 9–15.
- Totobenazara, J.; Burke, A. J.: New click-chemistry methods for 1,2,3-triazoles synthesis: recent advances and applications. *Tetrahedron Lett.* **56** (2015) 2853–2859.
- Belskaya, N.; Subbotina, J.; Lesogorova, S.: Synthesis of 2*H*-1,2,3-Triazoles, *Top Heterocycl. Chem.* **40** (2015) 51–116.
- Pokhodylo, N.; Shyyka, O.; Matiychuk, V.: Synthesis of 1,2,3-triazole derivatives and evaluation of their anticancer activity, *Sci. Pharm.* **81** (2013) 663–676.
- Wang, Y.-C.; Xie, Y.-Y.; Qu, H.-E.; Wang, H.-S.; Pan, Y.-M.; Huang, F.-P.: Ce(OTf)<sub>3</sub>-catalyzed [3 + 2] cycloaddition of azides with nitroolefins: regioselective synthesis of 1,5-disubstituted 1,2,3-triazoles. *J. Org. Chem.* **79** (2014) 4463–4469.
- Yamada, Y. M. A.; Sarkar, S. M.; Uozumi, Y.: Amphiphilic self-assembled polymeric copper catalyst to parts per million levels: click chemistry. *J. Am. Chem. Soc.* **134** (2012) 9285–9290.
- Jadhav, R. P.; Raundal, H. N.; Patil, A. A.; Bobade, V. D.: Synthesis and biological evaluation of a series of 1,4-disubstituted 1,2,3-triazole derivatives as possible antimicrobial agents. *J. Saudi Chem. Soc.* **20** (2016) doi: 10.1016/j.jscs.2015.03.003.
- Lauria, A.; Delisi, R.; Mingoia, F.; Terenzi, A.; Martorana, A.; Barone, G.; Almerico, A. M.: 1,2,3-Triazole in heterocyclic compounds, endowed with biological activity, through 1,3-dipolar cycloadditions. *Eur. J. Org. Chem.* **16** (2014) 3289–3306.
- Li, Q.-H.; Ding, Y.; Huang, N.-W.: Synthesis and biological activities of dithiocarbamates containing 1,2,3-triazoles group. *Chin Chem. Lett.* **25** (2014) 1469–1472.
- Agilent. CrysAlis<sup>PRO</sup>. Agilent Technologies, Yarnton, England, (2014).
- Sheldrick, G. M.: A short history of SHELX. *Acta Crystallogr.* **A64** (2008) 112–122.
- Farrugia, L. J.: WinGX and ORTEP for Windows: an update. *J. Appl. Crystallogr.* **45** (2012) 849–854.
- Cambridge Soft. CHEMDRAW Ultra. Cambridge Soft Corporation, Cambridge, Massachusetts, USA (2001).